

FORWARDFACING CAR SEAT

When to Move to Forward-Facing

- **Good**: Minimum age, height, and weight requirements have been met for the forward-facing seat, and the child still meets the height and weight limits for the rear-facing seat
- **Better:** The child is within the age, height and weight requirements for the forward-facing seat, and within the limits for the rear-facing seat
- Best: The child has reached the maximum weight and height limits for the rear-facing seat set by the manufacturer

Types of Forward-Facing Seats

- Forward-Facing Convertible: Can be used rear-facing or forward-facing
- **Combination:** Can be used with its internal harness or as a booster seat
- Forward-facing all-in-one: Can be used rear-facing, forward-facing, or as a booster seat.
- Forward-facing only: forward-facing only seat with internal harness
- Integrated (Built-In): Some vehicles have car seats built in. Height and weight limits are detailed in vehicle owner's manual.

Tips for Correct Use

- The child should meet the minimum age, height, and weight requirements for the seat
- The seat should fit in your vehicle. Not every car seat will fit in every vehicle.
- You should be able to use the car seat correctly every time.
- The harness straps should be at or just above the child's shoulders
- Never place pool noodles or towels behind or under a car seat unless allowed by the car seat manufacturer
- Make sure the child's back and bottom are flat against the car seat back
- Harness straps should be flat and not twisted